

T-15MD TOKAMAK: MISSION AND NEW EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ^{*)}

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The main objectives of scientific research on the T-15MD tokamak ($R = 1.5$ m, $a = 0.67$ m) are to prepare the physical, technical and technological base for the development of steady-state thermonuclear neutron sources for hybrid reactor and work in support of Russia's participation in the ITER project. The scientific program of T-15MD is aimed at solving topical issues of tokamak plasma physics (development of a long-pulse stable discharges with non-inductive current drive and improved plasma confinement, physics of turbulence and transport, plasma wall-interaction, divertor physics), engineering problems (first wall technology, safety assurance), development of additional plasma heating and fueling systems, development of diagnostic methods.

In the 2024 experiments, a plasma current of 520 kA was achieved in the T-15MD (Fig. 1). Discharges with elongation $k \geq 1.5$ (Fig. 2) were obtained, which significantly exceeds the natural elongation. Experiments were carried out at $B_T = 1.5$ T. A 1 MW gyrotron was used for microwave breakdown and plasma heating. Electron plasma temperature values $T_e(0) \geq 2$ keV were achieved at

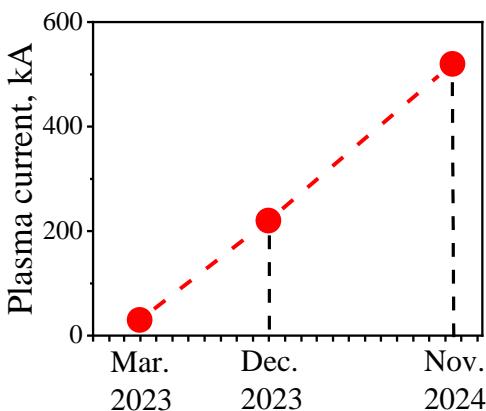


Fig.1 Increase of plasma current values achieved in T-15MD experimental campaigns core plasma density $n_e(0) \geq 1.5 \times 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$.

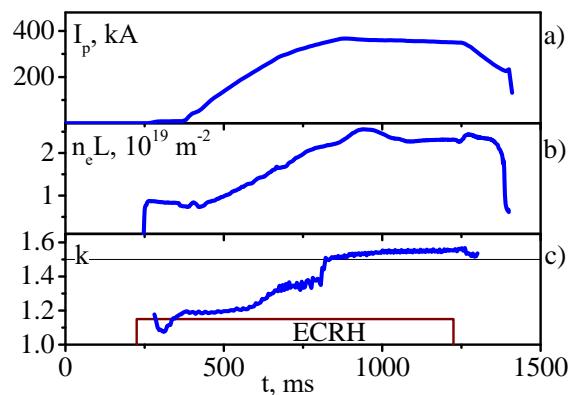


Fig. 2 Shot 3166. Traces of plasma current (a), line averaged density (b) and elongation (c).

The work was carried out within the framework of the State Assignment of the NRC "Kurchatov Institute."

^{*)} abstracts of this report in Russian